



D Level Horse Management Leading and Turn Out Safety

Leading & Tying

Leading

What equipment do we need? What Equipment do we need?

What Safety Precautions should we take? Choosing a place to tie your horse.

How should we lead the horse? When to tie up your horse.

How to tie your horse.

Tying up

Turning out in the Pasture

Approaching the pasture, what to look for.

Opening the gate.

Letting your horse loose.





Ground Manners

Why are they important?

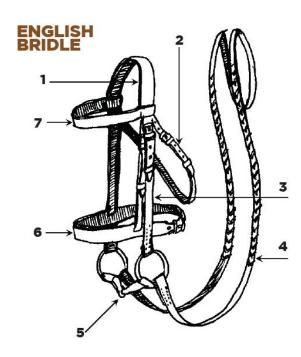
What does the handler need to do?

What Can I expect from a well mannered horse?





Parts of the basic English Bridle







Fitting the Bridle

Noseband

Crown Piece

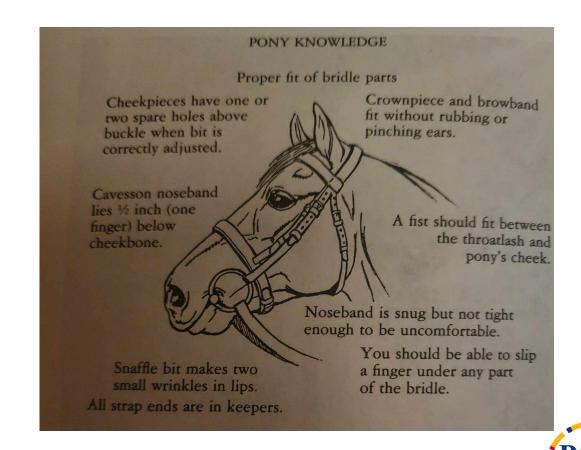
Cheek Pieces

Throatlash

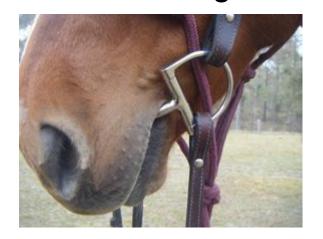
Browband

Bit





Tack & Fitting





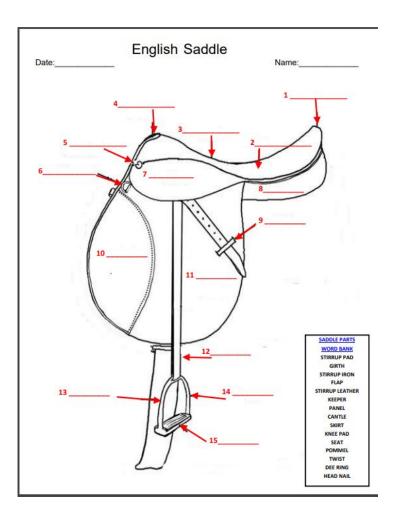






Parts of the English Saddle







Fitting the Saddle

- The saddle should distribute the riders weight evenly.
- Fit the horse's back without rocking, pinching or pressing on the spine.
- The Saddle should sit between T8 and T18
- You should be able to fit 3 fingers between the withers and the Pommel
- There should be no gaps between the horse and the panels

- A short saddle will put the riders weight at the back.
- A narrow saddle could cause rocking
- A long saddle may cause pressure on areas that are sensitive.
- Less than 3 fingers too narrow, more than
 3 fingers too wide
- 4 Point contact
- The Saddle should also fit the rider.





Fitting the Saddle



